Primitive Variables



These may also be referred to as "master attributes" for clarity versus Instance Attributes which may be varied per instance.

Common

Name	Туре	Default	Description
identifier:object	string	empty	Object shape name.

Shading

Name	Туре	Default	Description	
derivatives: extrapolate	integer	1	Extrapolated smooth normals across grid boundaries.	
displacemen t: ignorerefere nceinstance	int	0	Indicates if displacement shading should ignore properties of the reference instance.	
displacemen tbound: CoordinateS ystem	string	object	The name of the coordinate system that the displacement bound is measured in.	
displacemen tbound: offscreen	int	0	Apply displacementbound to offscreen geometry when dicing. Geometry that is entirely offscreen, but displaces into view may be prone to undertessellation because of the offscreen dicing strategy. This can be corrected by enabling this control and setting a reasonable displacementbound. Doing so will incur a performance penalty commensurate with the size of the displacement bound.	
displacemen tbound: sphere	float	0	Maximum displacement distance used to compute object bounds. This value should be as tight as possible.	
Ri: Orientation	string	outside	Geometry winding order that determines surface normal. This attribute effects lighting and displacement. Supported values: inside, outside.	
trace: autobias	integer	1	Enable automatic raytrace bias.	
trace:bias	float	0.01	Manual raytrace bias in object space. Small values should be used to avoid artifacts such as shadow acne.	
trace: displacemen ts	integer	1	Enable displacement shading.	

Dicing

Name	Туре	Default	Description	
dice: micropolygo nlength	float	1	Micropolygon distance in raster space for "instanceprojection" dicing. Values are expressed in pixel size.	
dice: offscreenstr ategy	string	viewfrustu mdistance	Dicing method of objects outside the viewing frustum. Supported values: viewfrustumdistance, worlddistance, objectdistance.	
dice: rasterorient	integer	1	Changes micropolygon size according to the viewing angle of a surface. When rasterorient is on, surfaces are coarsely diced at a glancing angle. This feature is very useful for ground planes and other large objects that are seen at an angle and it should be disabled for geometry that is instanced several times as it can be seen from different angles as well as when displacement details are lost.	
dice: referenceca mera	string	empty	Specify the camera used for dicing. If no reference camera is specified, RenderMan will use the primary camera.	
dice: referencein stance	string	empty	Specify the reference instance used for dicing and displacement shading. The reference instance is used to drive dicing and displacement based on its position, scale, user attributes, and scoped coordinate systems. Reference instances are specified by it identifier:name attribute (instance name). If no reference instance is specified, RenderMan will automatically pick the nearest instance inside the primary camera's view frustum.	
dice: strategy	string	instancepr ojection	Dicing method of objects within the viewing frustum. Supported values: instanceprojection, worlddistance, objectdistance.	

dice: worlddistan celength	float	-1	Micropolygon distance in world space for "worlddistance" dicing or object space for "objectdistance" dicing.	
Ri: GeometricA pproximatio nFocusFact or	float	0	Allows the renderer to use more coarse dicing for blurry objects due to depth of field.	
Ri: GeometricA pproximatio nMotionFac tor	float	0	Allows the renderer to use more coarse dicing for blurry objects due to motion blur.	

Points

Name	Туре	Default	Description	
falloffpo wer	float	0	For use with points, if not supplied, or set to zero, the points will have a hard edge. A value of 1 is a "reasonable" value that emulates the usual cosine based falloff; this will likely be the goto value for most people doing volumetric particle effects. Values between 0 and 1 makes the falloff faster, eroding the point faster - point has "less presence". Values higher than 1 (up to infinity) makes the falloff slower to the point of being non-existent.	

Volume

Name	Туре	Default	Description
dice:minlength	float	-1	Volume minimum dice length. Negative indicates to automatically compute this value.
dice:minlengthspace	string	empty	Coordinate space of dice:minlength.
Ri:Bound	float[6]	000000	Volume bounds.
volume:dsominmax	integer	0	

SubdivisionMesh

Name	Туре	Default	Description
dice:pretessellate	integer	1	Pre-tessellate subdivision geometry to polygons.
dice:watertight	integer	0	Tessellate geometry with no holes. Watertight geometry requires less raytrace bias.
shade:faceset	integer[n]	empty	Active geometry face indexes.
stitchbound:CoordinateSystem	string	empty	
stitchbound:sphere	float	0	

NuPatch

Name	Туре	Default	Description
trimcurve:sense	string	inside	Supported values: inside, outside.

PolygonMesh

Name	Туре	Default	Description	
polygon:concave	integer	1	Illow concave polygons.	
polygon: smoothdisplacement	integer	0	Output smoothed (per-vertex) normals as Ndsp primvar, if polygon:smoothnormals hasn't already inserted smooth normals.	
polygon:smoothnormals	integer	0	Smooth (per-vertex) normals if not provided.	

Procedural

Name	Туре	Default	Description
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procedural: immediatesubdivide	integer	0	
procedural:reentrant	integer	0	