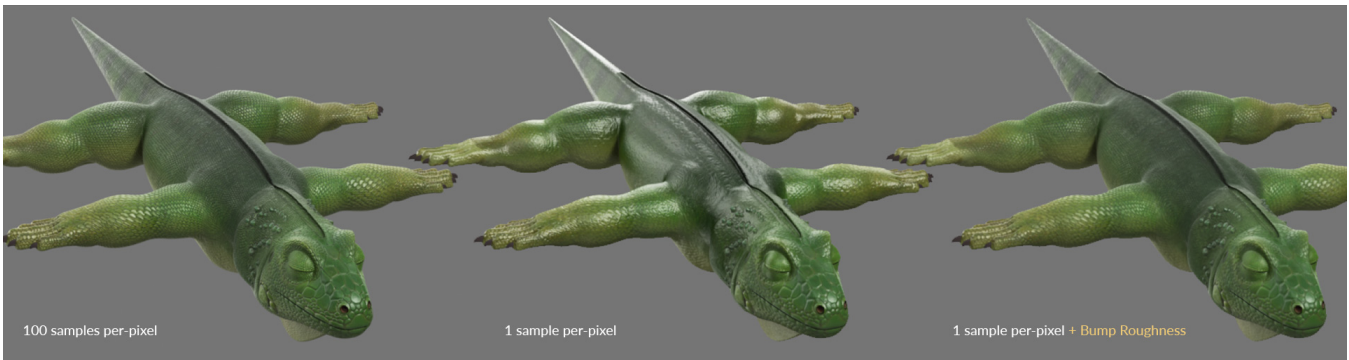# PxrBumpRoughness

Bump Roughness was created for efficiently sampling micro details. With this pattern, RenderMan automatically switches from a bump map to a roughness value depending on the size of a feature in the camera, effectively improving your render times by lowering the sampling rates needed to render such details.


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One such example is Louise Nash (shaded by Yeon Kang) from Cars 3. Here you can see extensive wear of the clear coat on the paint job, which creates micro-scratches and breaks up the specular in interesting ways, also driving the anisotropy in ways which more accurately reflect the intended look-development.


© Disney/ Pixar

A crucial feature of **Bump Roughness** is to see micro details when objects are far from the camera. In the example above, you can see how we can get very close to the intended look-development with only 1 sample, instead of having to fire hundreds of rays to visualize the intended level of detail in the textures.
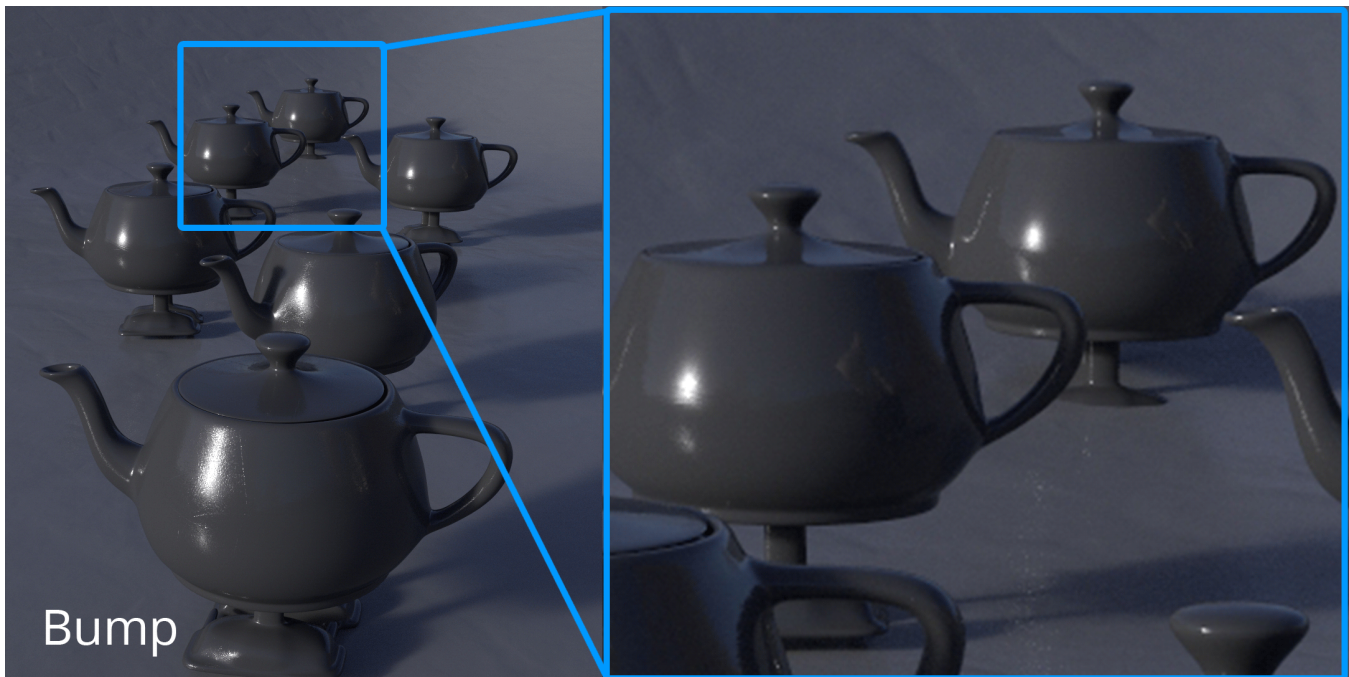
Bump

In the example above we can see how we can drive roughness, anisotropy, and bump with a single texture. When zooming 4X we can appreciate how Bump Roughness maintains detail where bump generally gets lost due to filtering.

There are many other types of materials that benefit from the added detail that **Bump Roughness** maps bring, such as carbon fibre, metals, plastics, and fabrics.
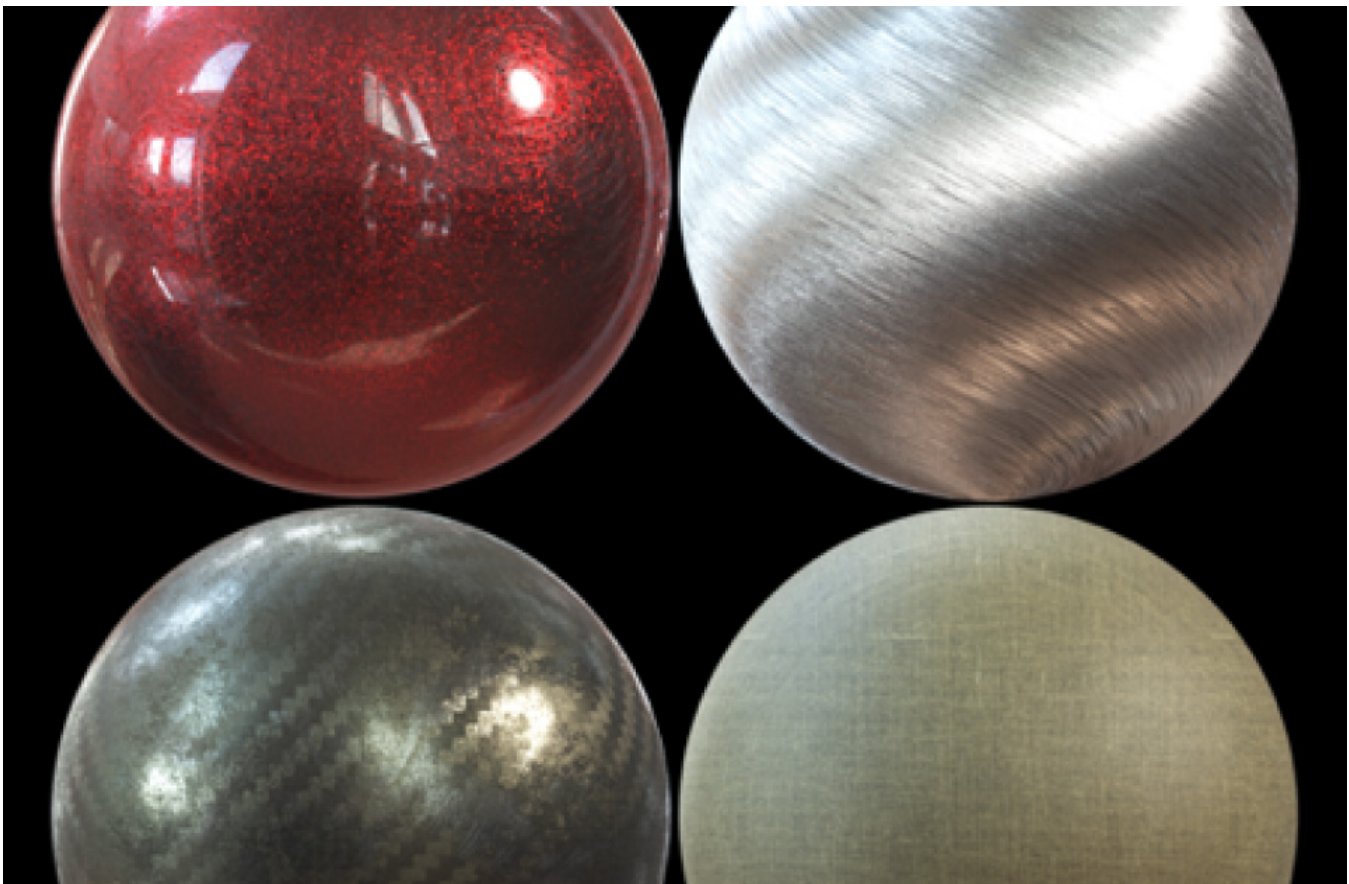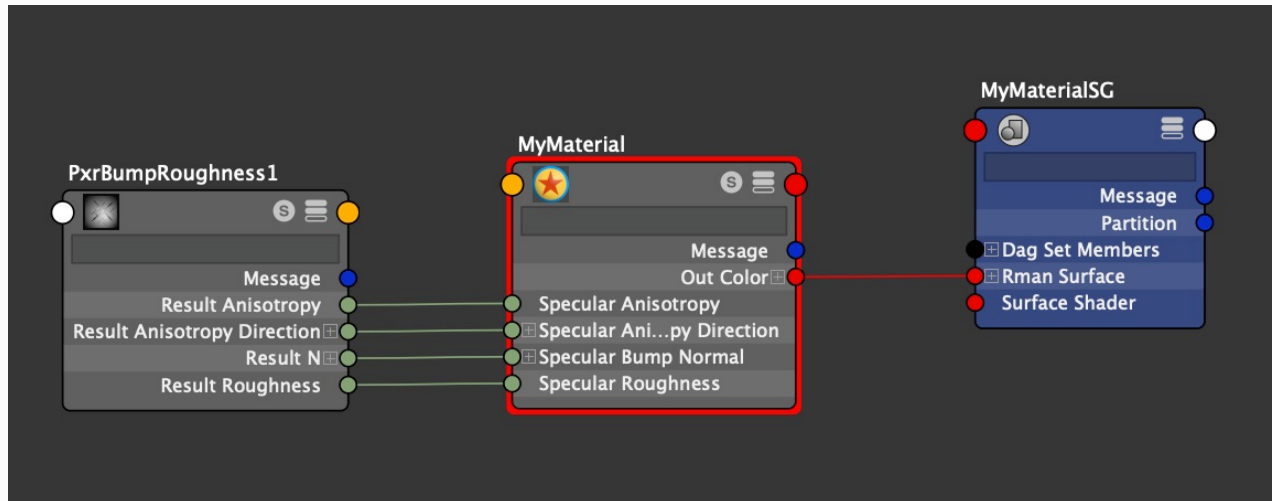

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Input Parameters

b2r Texture

Simply use traditional bump or normal maps and the Texture Manager will convert them to Bump Roughness textures automatically in RFM, RFH or RFB. You'll notice your newly created tex files now have a **b2r** suffix after the file name, such as myTexture_b2r.exr.tex

See the txmake documentation for details.

Texture Type

Map type to be used as your Bump Roughness Map

TxMake Icon

Show settings in Texture Manager

Manifold

Connect a manifold node here to control the position, rotation and tiling of your Bump Roughness map

Multi Manifold

Connect a PxrHexTileManifold or PxrRoundCube Manifold here.

Bump Roughness

Base Roughness

This is the roughness of the base surface when fully zoomed into the detail.

Texture Roughness

Set the texture roughness to be provided by the input textures when fully zoomed out from the detail. It is combined with the base roughness. The default of -1.0 lets the texture provide its natural roughness.

Gain

This is a multiplier to the aggregate roughness

Bump Normal Gain

multiplier to the normal map magnitude

Anisotropy Gain

This is a multiplier to the aggregate anisotropy

Advanced

Adjust Amount

Amount to adjust the normals when they are facing away from the camera

Surface Mix

The amount to mix the resulting normals with the surface normals

Blur

Amount of blur to apply to texture lookup.

Filter

Which filter to use. (unfiltered/closest not advisable for displacement.)

Filter Scale

Multiplies the size of the texture filter, less than one for sharper textures.